Towards Semi-Supervised Learning for Deep Semantic Role Labeling

Sanket Vaibhav Mehta*, Jay-Yoon Lee*, Jaime Carbonell

School of Computer Science, Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA

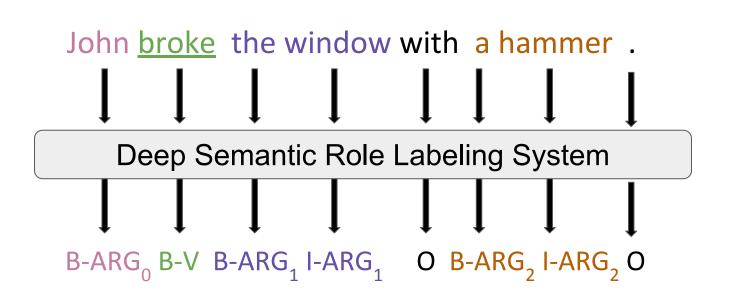
* denotes equal contribution

Summary

We propose to inject structural constraint on deep Semantic Role Labeling (SRL) models and present a novel Semi-Supervised Learning formulation. Our proposed method leverages syntactic parse trees by introducing them as hard constraints on SRL output during training. The proposed method significantly improves both constraint satisfaction and overall F1, especially on low-resource settings.

Setting

Formulate SRL as a BIO tagging problem Input: a sentence-predicate pair Output: a sequence of tags



the window

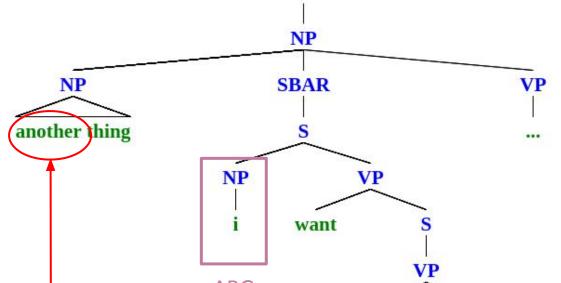
not a valid parse

Motivation

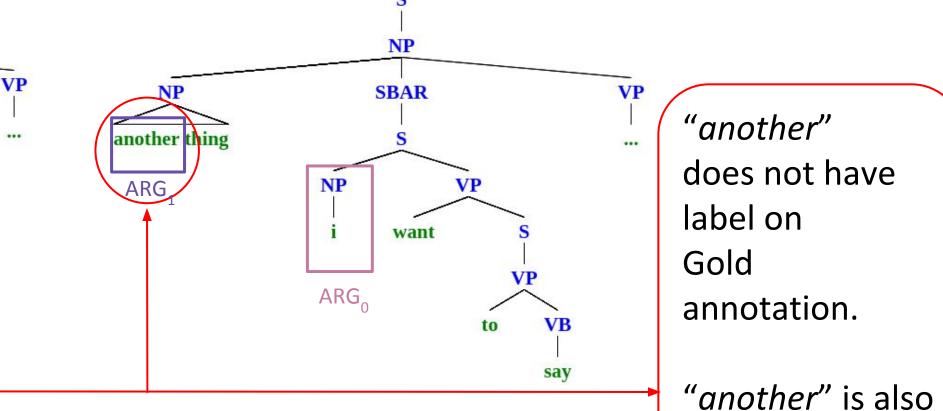
Structural Constraints

• Syntactic constraints :

○ SRL argument spans ⊂ parse constituents



Gold annotation



Baseline system output

- Other constraints
 - BIO constraints: B-ARG₀ I-ARG₁ (Viterbi decoding handles) tree constituent.
 - SRL constraints :
 - Unique core (U) / Continuation (C) / Reference (R) roles

Baseline Method

Training

Locally normalized models

Cross-entropy objective (NLL)

 $\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{w}) = -\sum_{(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) \in \mathcal{T}} \sum_{i=1}^{|\mathbf{y}|} \log p(y_i | \mathbf{x}; \mathbf{w}).$

Inference

• Enforcing structural constraints during inference by augmenting penalty terms for constraint violations c(x,y).

$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \log p(y_i | \mathbf{x}) - \sum_{c \in C} c(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}_{1:i}) \qquad \hat{\mathbf{y}} = \underset{\mathbf{y}' \in \Omega^n}{\arg \max} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}')$$

Proposed Method

Enforcing syntactic consistency (during training)

- Disagreement rate:
- $d(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \frac{|\text{disagreeing-spans}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})|}{|\text{srl-spans}(\mathbf{y})|}$
- Syntactic Inconsistency (SI) score: $s(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = 2 \times d(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) 1$
- Objectives
 - Objectives

 Syntactic Inconsistency $= s(\mathbf{x}, \hat{\mathbf{y}}^{(t)}) \sum_{i=1}^{|\hat{\mathbf{y}}^{(t)}|} \log p(\hat{y}_i^{(t)}|\mathbf{x}; \mathbf{w}^{(t)})$ s.t. $\hat{\mathbf{y}} = \underset{\mathbf{y}' \in \Omega^n}{\arg \max} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}')$ objective:
 - Joint objective:
 - Semi-SupervisedJoint objective :
- $-\alpha_1 \sum_{i=1}^{|\mathbf{y}|} \log p\left(y_i \mid \mathbf{x}_k; \mathbf{w}\right) + \alpha_2 s(\mathbf{x}, \hat{\mathbf{y}}^{(t)}) \sum_{i=1}^{|\hat{\mathbf{y}}^{(t)}|} \log p(\hat{y}_i^{(t)} \mid \mathbf{x}_m; \mathbf{w}^{(t)})$ SRL-*labeled* data SRL-*unlabeled* data $(\mathbf{x}_m \neq \mathbf{x}_k)$

SRL-*labeled* data $(\mathbf{x}_m = \mathbf{x}_k)$

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Questions

- Q1. How well does the *baseline* model produce syntactically *consistent* outputs?
- Q2. Does our *proposed method* actually *enforce* syntactic constraints?
- **Q3.** Does our proposed method *enforce* syntactic constraints *without compromising* the quality of the system?
- Q4. How well does our SSL formulation perform, especially in low-resource scenarios?
- **Q5.** What is the difference in enforcing the syntactic constraints in the *training time vs. decoding time* ?

Experiment

Data

- OntoNotes v5.0, CoNLL-2012 shared task (278k train, 38.3k dev, 25.6k test)
- Gold predicates and gold parse constituents are given (~10% noisy annotations)

Models

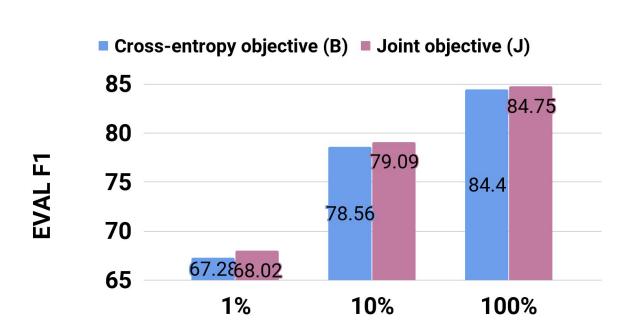
B <u>X</u>	model trained with X% of the SRL-labeled data
B <u>X, JX</u>	models trained with cross-entropy and joint objective respectively
B <u>X</u> -SI <u>U</u> x	model trained with SI loss with $\underline{X}x\underline{U}$ amount of the SRL-unlabeled data used for further training pre-trained B \underline{X}
B <u>X</u> -SI <u>U</u> x, B <u>X</u> -J <u>U</u> x	models trained with SI-loss and joint loss respectively

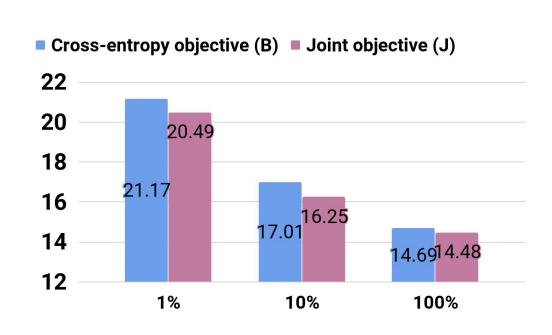
Evaluation

- EVAL F1: Overall F1-score on CoNLL-2012-test set
- Average disagreement rate : Average d(x,y) across examples.

Experiment Result

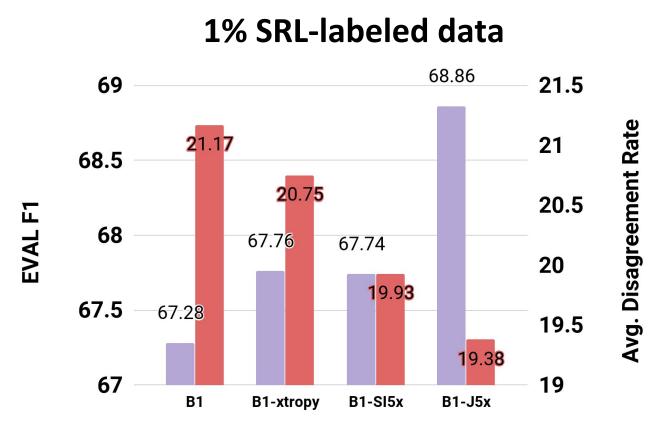
Evidence for answering Q1, Q2 and Q3 favorably

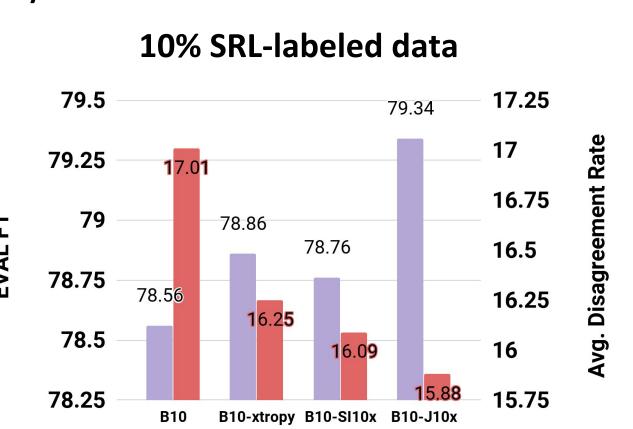




Evidence for answering Q3 and Q4 favorably

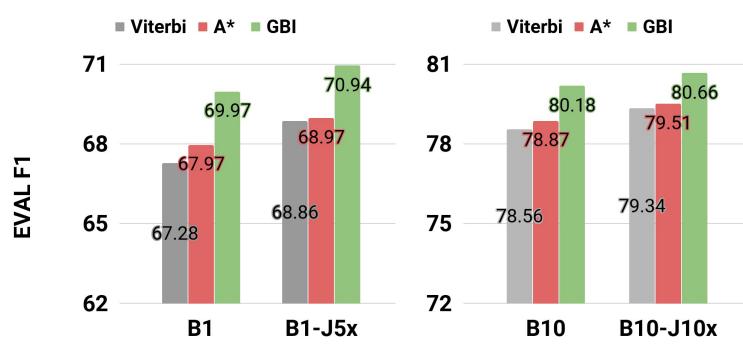
Amount of SRL-labeled data

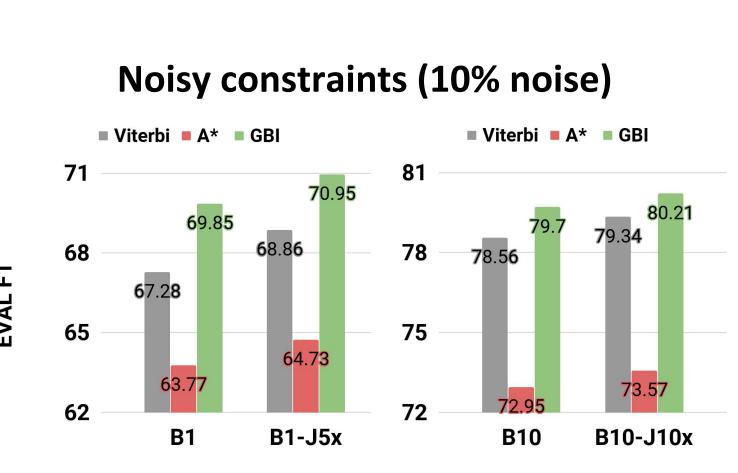




Evidence for answering Q5

Noise-free constraints





Discussion

- Using system predicted parse constituents (tri-training) and predicates
- New experiments of SSL on full data made available.

Parse Tree & Predicate	B1-J5x		B10-J10x		J100-J3x	
	EVAL F1	Avg. Disagreement	EVAL F1	Avg. Disagreement	EVAL F1	Avg. Disagreement
Gold	68.86 (+1.58)	19.38 (-1.79)	79.34 (+0.78)	15.88 (-1.13)	-	-
System predicted	68.57 (+1.29)	19.73 (-1.44)	79.01 (+0.45)	16.39 (-0.62)	84.87 (+0.47)	14.23 (-0.46)